				Table 1	ble 1				
	Date	Location	Type of Engagement	Allied Forces	Imperial Forces	Result			
	Danube Campaign	(modern Romania	i): Ottomans v Ru	ussians	ssians				
	21 Oct 1853	Isakei		Turks	Russians	1st skirmish: Ottoman shore batteries fire on two Russian steam ships; ineffective.			
	28 Oct 1853 - 21 Apr 1854	Calafat		Turks (30-36,000)	Russians (40,0000	Russian siege of Turkish fortified Danube village - Turks victorious - Russian casualties 23,000			
	4 Nov 1853	Oltenitza		Turks (8,000)	Russians (6,000)	Turkish victory; casualties 180 Turks, 5,500 Russian			
	31 Dec 1853 & 6 Jan 1854	Chetatea				Indecisive			
*	11 May - 23 Jun 1854	Silistra		Turks (15,000)	Russians (70,000)	Siege of Ottoman fortress Silistra by Russians casualties: Turks 1,300, Russians 4,300			
*	8th Jan 1854 or 20 Mar-Apr 1854	Dobruja		Turks	Russians (50,000)	50,000 strong Russian army invades Ottoman's Danube delta region, taking strong points en rout to Silistra.			
		Calafat	2nd Russian siege						
		Caracal							
	Caucasus & Black	Sea theatre (inc (Georgea & Armen	ia)					
	13-14 Nov 1853	Bayindir		Ottoman/ Anatolian (10,000)	Russians (25,300)	Turkish victory; drove out 2,000 Russian irregular cavalry and captured the garrison. Russian counterattack lost 1,000 to artillery.			
*	24 Nov 1853	Akhaltsikhe		Turks (18,000)	Georgian/ Russian (7,000)	Georgian-Russian force defeated Turkish army near the Akhaltsikhe fortress in the Caucasus. casualties: Turks 3,600, Russian 362			
*	30 Nov1853	Sinope		Turks (12 ships)	Russians (11 ships)	Russian navy destroys Ottoman naval squadron anchored in port, using shells. casualties: Russian 300, Turks 3,000 + 11 ships, 2 shore batteries.			
*	1 Dec 1853	Başgedikler		Ottoman (25,000)	Russian (10,000)	Russian victory. casualties Turks 7,000, Russian 1,300			
	1-2 Nov 1854	Ruse				Turkish feint attack to divert Russian attack on Kars. Unsuccessful, but delayed Kars seige; retreated 12 Nov.			
*	6 Aug 1854	Kürekdere		Ottoman (35-40,000)	Russian (20-30,000)	Russian victory. casualties: Turks 5,000, Russian 3,000			
*	June – 29 November 1855	Kars	Seige	Turks (17,000)	Russian (25,700)	Eastern Anatolia.			

*	6 Nov 1855	River Ingur	Ottoman	Russian	Turkish reinforcements sent to stop Russian advance into Anatolia, met by a small Russian force from Kars siege who were victorious.
*	April 1854	Odessa	British/ French, (12 ships, 6 rocket boats)	Russian, (troops & shore batteries)	Anglo-French fleet bombarded the port. casualties: Allied 17, Russian 20 + 24 ships & defences destroyed.
	May 1855	Kerch			allies successfully invaded Kerch and attacked Taganrog in the Sea of Azov

*	October 1855	Kinburn		French &* British (10 ships, 3 ironclads, 8,000 soldiers)		French Navy and the British Royal Navy against Russian installations in the Dnieper estuary, attacking Kinburn in the first use of ironclad ships in naval warfare.
	29th Sep1855	Kars	Russians attack on Kars garrison			fail
*	25th Nov1855	Kars	surrenders			Russian victory, but too late to save war.
	Baltic theatre (kno	own in Finland as th	e <u>Åland War</u>)			
	April 1854	Kronstadt				Anglo-French fleet enters the Baltic to attack the Russian naval base.
	1854	Gulf of Finland				blockading Russian trade.
	1854	Sveaborg Fortress				First attempt at shelling the Russian batteries.
	2 Jul 1855	Rauma				British & French ships enter port, bombard and landed - fired warehouse and ships/ skirmish with Cossacks/withdrew (6-9 Brit casualties)
		Hogland				
*	June 1854	Bomarsund	First bombardment	Britain (3 ships)	Russia Finland	British naval bombardment of Russian fortress on Åland Islands. light casualties. First VC awarded.
*	13-16 Aug 1854	Bomarsund	Second bombardment	Britain & France (32,000 + 25 boats)	Russaia (3,000)	Franco-British naval force captured and destroy the Russian. casualties: Allies 85, Russia 53. Largely destroyed fortress surrendered.
	August 1855	Sveaborg				Western Allied Baltic Fleet failed to destroy heavily defended Russian dockyards at Sveaborg outside Helsinki
	18 April 1854	Rahova				turks
	Pacific/Far East t	heater				

The British-lead expedition to neutralise Imperial Russia's Siberian Military Flotilla and their colonised and defended bases around the Sea of Okhotsk, Sea of Japan and the North Pacific at the eastern extreme of Russia. In order to protect the British and French trade shipping routs between China, South-east Asia and Australia, and crucially for the British Empire's important trade with California, it was deemed necessary that the Russian forces be destroyed.

	July 1854	Novo- Arkhangelsk (Sitka)	Russian base taken with little resistance	Britain & France	Russia	
	31 Aug & 1-4 Sep 1854	Petropavlovsk	Allied bombardment and then siege	Britain & France	Russia	
	Crimean Peninsul	a				
	19 Sep 1854	River Bulganek				
*	20 Sep 1854	Alma		French, British, Ottomans (57,000)	Russia (37,500)	Russians routed, but no allied follow-up, resulting in strategic stalemate. casualties: British 2,000, French 1,600, Turks 500, Russian 5,000
	17 Oct 1854	Sevastapol	Siege begins	France, Britain, Turky, Sardinia		
*	25th Oct 1854	Balaclava				
	26th Oct 1854	Inkerman	Little Inkerman			
*	5th Nov 1854	Inkerman				

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*	17th Feb 1855	Eupatoria				the <u>Russian Empire</u> unsuccessfully attempted to capture the <u>Crimean</u> port city of <u>Eupatoria</u> held by the forces of the <u>Ottoman Empire</u> .
•	20th Feb 1855	Chernaya				Aborted allied attack
	22nd Feb 1855	Sevastapol	the Mamelon	french		russian victory
	24th Feb 1855	Sevastapol	assault on the "White Works"	french		russian victory
	9th Apr 1855	Sevastapol	2nd bombardment			
	19th Apr 1855	Sevastapol	assault on the rifle pits	British	Russia	british victory
*	3 Jun-24 Nov 1855	Taganrog	Siege of the Russian military depot.	Britain (17 boats) France (6 boats)	Russia (3,200 + 8 boats)	casualties; Russia 470 + 3 ships; Allies 4 + 1 ship; depot destroyed - Allied victory
	6th Jun 1855	Sevastapol	3rd bombardment			
	8th-9th Jun 1855	Sevastapol	assault the "White Works", Mamelon and "The Quarries"			allied victory
	17th Jun 1855	Sevastapol	4th bombardment			
*	18th Jun 1855	Sevastopol	assault on the Malakoff and the Great Redan	allied		russian victory
*	16th Aug 1855	Chernaya (Black River)		France (18,000)/ Ottomans (10,0000)/ Sardinia (9,000)	Russia (58,000)	10km from Sevastopol; 6 hours-Russians lost 8,000, Allies 1,200. allied victory
	17th Aug 1855	Sevastapol	5th bombardment			
	5th Sep 1855	Sevastapol	6th, final bombardment			
	8th Sep 1855	Sevastapol	assault on the Malakoff, Little Redan, Bastion du Mat and	French		French successful
	8th Sep 1855	Sevastapol	the Great Redan	British		British failed
	9th Sep 1855	Sevastapol	Russians abandon the city			total casualties after 11 months: France 80,200, Britain 21,000, Turks 2,000, Russian 102,000

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